

STREP THROAT PARENT FACT SHEET

PARENT/GUARDIAN

Your child may have been exposed to: STREP THROAT

Strep throat and a strep throat rash (scarlet fever) are common bacterial infections in children.

If you think your child has strep throat:

- Tell you childcare provider or call the school.

Need to stay home?

Yes, until 2 hours after antibiotic treatment begins and the fever is gone for 24 hours without the use of fever-reducing medication.

Children who test positive for strep but do not show symptoms do not need to be excluded. They are unlikely to spread the infection to other people.

Symptoms

- Strep throat – Your child may have a fever that starts suddenly, red sore throat, and swollen glands. Headache may occur. Children may have stomach pain and vomiting. our child may be unusually tired and suddenly have a fever, headache, stiff neck and/or rash. Other symptoms may be sore throat, diarrhea, and vomiting.
- Scarlet fever – Rarely, a very fine raised rash appears at the same time as the throat soreness. The rash feels like sandpaper. The rash is most often on the neck, chest, elbow, and groin and in the inner thigh and folds of the armpit. Later on, the skin on the fingertips and toes may peel. It is hard to tell if babies have viral meningitis. Babies with the virus may have a fever. They may also be fussy, refuse to eat, or be difficult to wake.
- If your child is infected, it may take from 2 to 5 days for symptoms to start.

Spread

- By sneezing or coughing.
- By touching contaminated objects, surfaces, or hands. Stool from infected people can also carry the germs.

Contagious Period Probably as long as the wart is present. For 3 days before until 10 days after symptoms start. Viruses may be shed in the stool for several weeks.

Call your Healthcare Provider Your provider will decide if treatment is needed. If anyone in your home has symptoms. Your doctor may want to test for the virus.

Prevention

- Cover nose and mouth when sneezing or coughing. Use a tissue or your sleeve. Dispose of used tissues

- Wash hands after touching anything that could be contaminated with the secretions from the mouth or nose or with stool. Your child may need help with hand washing.
- DO NOT share drink containers and cups or silverware. Wash all dishes with hot soapy water between uses.
- Clean and disinfect anything that comes in contact with secretions from the nose or mouth (especially mouthed toys). Use a product that kills germs.

For more information, please contact your local health department.

[Southern Nevada Health District](#) (Clark County) 775-759-1300 (24 hours)

[Northern Nevada Public Health](#) (Washoe County) 775-328-2447 (24 hours)

[Carson City Health & Human Services](#) (Carson City, Douglas, Lyon Counties) 775-887-2190 (24 hours)

[Division of Public and Behavioral Health](#) (All other Counties) 775-400-0333 (24 hours)

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