

# LA CROSSE ENCEPHALITIS

This fact sheet is for provider information only.

If you have questions, please call the health department.

La Crosse encephalitis virus (LACV) is a mosquito-borne illness. It is a potentially serious disease affecting the brain and central nervous system. Almost all cases occur in children.

It is important to remove the potential breeding sites (water-holding tree holes and/or artificial containers) of the mosquitoes that can carry the La Crosse encephalitis virus. These measures should be taken in wooded or shaded areas where the mosquitoes carrying the virus are commonly found.

Most cases of LACV disease occur in the upper Midwestern and mid-Atlantic and southeastern states according to the CDC (<http://www.cdc.gov/lac>).

## CAUSE

La Crosse virus (LACV) is a California (CAL) serogroup virus, in the genus Bunyavirus, family Bunyaviridae.

## SYMPTOMS

May not be apparent or may range from mild headaches and influenza-like symptoms (such as fever, malaise, tiredness, headache, stiff neck, or muscle aches) to mental confusion and convulsions.

Severe cases may develop inflammation of the brain (encephalitis).

## SPREAD

La Crosse encephalitis virus is spread through the bite of an infected mosquito. *Ochlerotatus triseriatus*, also known as the Eastern Tree Hole mosquito, will breed in any small container where water and debris can collect. Most people who get La Crosse encephalitis are exposed to the illness close to where they live, because the Tree Hole mosquito does not travel very far—its normal range is no more than half a mile. Female Tree Hole mosquitoes can pass the La Crosse encephalitis virus on to their offspring through their eggs. These eggs survive the winter and allow the virus to remain in the same areas year after year.

## INCUBATION

It takes 5 to 15 days from the time the person is exposed/bitten until the symptoms begin.

## CONTAGIOUS PERIOD

None. It is not spread from person-to-person.

## EXCLUSION

Childcare and School: None.

## DIAGNOSIS

Recommend parents/guardians call their healthcare provider if symptoms of La Crosse encephalitis are present. A healthcare provider must make the diagnosis.

## TREATMENT

Recommend parents/guardians call their healthcare provider.

## PREVENTION/ CONTROL

Eliminate potential breeding sites. The mosquito breeds in water in tree holes and artificial containers, especially those in wooded or shady areas. Natural features, like holes or pockets in trees that collect water (especially where two trunks of a tree meet at the base) should be manually drained each time they collect rainwater, or they should be modified so water cannot collect in them by filling with dirt or sand or filling with rock wool (insulating cement). Check often to ensure that water does not collect.

A variety of “artificial” items – old tires, buckets, birdbaths, cans, children’s toys, wading pools, tire swings, or anything else that will hold a small pool of water should be emptied or discarded. Old tires should be sent to a local recycling center for proper disposal. Gas stations or tire stores may also be potential drop-off sites.

- Wear protective clothing, such as long-sleeved shirts and pants, when outdoors during daytime hours. (Note: This mosquito is a daytime feeder - they are typically done feeding before dusk.)
- Use an insect repellent with DEET (the active ingredient in most insect repellents). Repellents containing DEET (up to 30% concentration for both adults and children; do not use DEET on infants younger than 2 months of age) may be used on clothing or skin. ALWAYS FOLLOW THE LABEL DIRECTIONS. If used properly, most repellents are very safe.

It is most important to apply the insect repellent before going into shaded or wooded areas during the day.

### **For more information, please contact your local health department.**

[Southern Nevada Health District](#) (Clark County) 775-759-1300 (24 hours)

[Northern Nevada Public Health](#) (Washoe County) 775-328-2447 (24 hours)

[Carson City Health & Human Services](#) (Carson City, Douglas, Lyon Counties) 775-887-2190 (24 hours)

[Division of Public and Behavioral Health](#) (All other Counties) 775-400-0333 (24 hours)

Email: [dpbhepi@health.nv.gov](mailto:dpbhepi@health.nv.gov)